Advent 1

Science Year 2: Living things and their habitats (Biology)

Scripture Link: Genesis 7:1-24

National Curriculum Objective

Enquiry Question: Where can plants and animals be found and why?

	Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3
Learning intention for each lesson	To identify and classify objects that are alive, dead and never been alive.	To explore what a 'biome' is	To identify different habitats and what they provide.
Recall and Retrieval	Know what classify means	know how to group objects into the 3 categories: alive, dead, never been alive. can identify minibeast habitats and why they live there	know what the word 'biome' means and can name some
Sequence of	I know what 'alive' means	I know what the word 'biome' means	I know that animals and plants live in habitats
substantive knowledge	I know what 'dead' means	I know that each biome has a variety of habitats within it. (Biomes- rainforest, desert, grassland, temperate forest,	I know that their basic needs are met by that habitat.
throughout the lesson	I know how to group objects into the 3 categories: alive, dead, never been alive.	tundra, savannah)	I know that animals and plants depend upon each other.
Key Skills/disciplinary knowledge	 asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways; observing closely, using simple equipment; identifying and classifying; using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions; gathering and recording data to help in answering questions. 	 asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways; observing closely, using simple equipment; identifying and classifying; using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions; 	 asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways; observing closely, using simple equipment; identifying and classifying; using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions;
Key Vocabulary	Living, dead, never been alive,	suited, suitable, basic need, food, food chain, shelter, move, feed, names of local habitats e.g. pond, woodland, names of micro habitats e.g. under logs, in bushes etc.	suited, suitable, basic need, food, food chain, shelter, move, feed, names of local habitats e.g. pond, woodland, names of micro habitats e.g. under logs, in bushes etc.
Main teaching activity If the school has another short term planning			

format, this does not need to be included.			
Scaffolding	Teacher/TA scribe or children writing their own ideas	Children to use STEM sentences to answer in full sentences.	Teacher to model questioning the animals features to make a decision about where it might live.
		Teacher/TA can scribe or children can complete individually.	
Challenge	Challenge - Give children an egg box. 2 sections are for living, 2 for dead and 2 for never been alive. Send children around the school grounds in groups and see what they can find for each category.	Whole class listening- can participate with reading if required. Children to record in books or use sheet.	Children can use the template provided or write straight into books.
Diversity Links	, ,		
Catholic Social Teaching Principles	Stewardship -Learning from God's creation	Stewardship -Learning from God's creation	Stewardship -Learning from God's creation
British Values			
Wider links			

Advent 1 Science Year 2: Living things and their habitats (Biology)

	Lesson 4	Lesson 5	Lesson 6		
Learning intention for each lesson	To understand what a 'micro-habitat' is.	To create a habitat.	To explore what a food chain is.		
Recall and Retrieval	that animals and plants live in habitats that their basic needs are met by that habitat. that animals and plants depend upon each other.	what is meant by 'micro-habitat' can give examples of different micro-habitats. can identify animal habitats	know what that habitat needs to provide. Can describe and name some biomes Can identify the key stages of a life-cycle.		
Sequence of substantive knowledge throughout the lesson	I know what is meant by 'micro-habitat' I can give examples of different micro-habitats.	I know what type of habitat suits which type of creature. I know what that habitat needs to provide.	I know what a food chain is I can describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals To identify and name different sources of food		
Key Skills/disciplinary knowledge	 asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways; observing closely, using simple equipment; identifying and classifying; using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions; 	 using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions; gathering and recording data to help in answering questions. 	 asking simple questions and recognising that they car be answered in different ways; observing closely, using simple equipment; using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions; gathering and recording data to help in answering questions. 		
Key Vocabulary	suited, suitable, basic need, food, food chain, shelter, move, feed, names of local habitats e.g. pond, woodland, names of micro habitats e.g. under logs, in bushes etc.	suited, suitable, basic need, food, food chain, shelter, move, feed, names of local habitats e.g. pond, woodland,	Sources, plants, animals, food chain, habitat, basic-needs, suitable		
Main teaching activity If the school has another short term planning format, this does not need to be included.					

Scaffolding	Children to look at the equipment and teacher to model correct use of each piece of equipment.	Adult support for construction if needed	Visual aids, Picture cues
Challenge		Challenge to make it in a safe space – what do they need to consider?	Stem sentences.
Diversity Links			
Catholic Social Teaching Principles	Stewardship -Learning from God's creation		Stewardship -Learning from God's creation
British Values			
Wider curriculum links			