

# **Year 1 – Creating media – Digital painting**

#### Unit introduction

Learners will develop their understanding of a range of tools used for digital painting. They then use these tools to create their own digital paintings, while gaining inspiration from a range of artists' work. The unit concludes with learners considering their preferences when painting with and without the use of digital devices.

## Software and Hardware requirements

This unit should be taught on a laptop/Chromebook/desktop with a mouse where possible. The lessons use a free program called <u>paintz.app</u> and this is shown in the lesson screenshots. Alternatively, any painting application (such as Microsoft Paint) can be used.

If you've adapted this unit to better suit your school, please <u>share your adapted resources</u> with fellow teachers in the STEM community. Alternatively, if this unit isn't quite right for your school, why not see if an adapted version which better suits has already been shared?

### Overview of lessons

Lesson	Brief overview	Learning objectives
1 How can we paint using computers?	This lesson introduces learners to the freehand tools available for digital painting.	To describe what different freehand tools do  I can make marks on a screen and explain which tools I used

Page 1 Last updated: 13-08-24

		<ul> <li>I can draw lines on a screen and explain which tools I used</li> <li>I can use the paint tools to draw a picture</li> </ul>
2 Using shape and lines	This lesson introduces learners to the line and shape tools and revisits the fill and undo tools used for digital painting. Learners create their own digital painting in the style of an artist.	To use the shape tool and the line tools  I can make marks with the square and line tools  I can use the shape and line tools effectively  I can use the shape and line tools to recreate the work of an artist
3 Making careful choices	This lesson introduces learners to a range of shape tools, allowing them to create a painting in the style of an artist.	To make careful choices when painting a digital picture  I can choose appropriate shapes  I can make appropriate colour choices  I can create a picture in the style of an artist
4 Why did I choose that?	This lesson increases learners' understanding of the available paint tools and encourages them to select the best tools to create a digital painting in the style of Wassily Kandinsky.	<ul> <li>To explain why I chose the tools I used</li> <li>I can explain that different paint tools do different jobs</li> <li>I can choose appropriate paint tools and colours to recreate the work of an artist</li> <li>I can say which tools were helpful and why</li> </ul>

Page 2 Last updated: 13/08/24

5 Painting all by myself	Learners select appropriate colours, brush sizes, and brush tools to independently create their own image in the style of an artist.	To use a computer on my own to paint a picture  I can make dots of colour on the page  I can change the colour and brush sizes  I can use dots of colour to create a picture in the style of an artist on my own
6 Comparing computer art and painting	Learners compare their preferences when creating paintings on computers and on paper.	To compare painting a picture on a computer and on paper  I can explain that pictures can be made in lots of different ways  I can spot the differences between painting on a computer and on paper  I can say whether I prefer painting using a computer or using paper

# Subject knowledge

Before teaching this unit, you should ensure you are familiar with the following:

- Lesson 1: The freehand painting tools in Microsoft Paint or the online app Paintz (paintz.app), or another appropriate digital painting program
- Lesson 2: The style of Piet Mondrian (or another appropriate artist); primary colours; and the line, shape, fill, and undo tools in the digital painting program you've chosen
- Lesson 3: The style of Henri Matisse (or another appropriate artist); the shape, fill, and undo tools in the digital painting program you've chosen
- Lesson 4: The following painting tools in the digital painting program: paintbrush, pencil, fill, erase, undo, shape, and brush styles (eg spray can) if available

Page 3 Last updated: 13/08/24

- Lesson 5: The following painting tools in the digital painting program: paintbrush, undo, brush sizes, and brush styles if available
- Lesson 6: The following painting tools in the digital painting program: paintbrush, pencil, fill tool, eraser, undo, shape tool, and brush styles if available

#### **Continuing Professional Development**

Enhance your subject knowledge to teach this unit through the following free CPD:

- Getting started in Year 1 short course
- Introduction to primary computing <u>remote</u> or <u>face to face</u>

#### Teach primary computing certificate

To further enhance your subject knowledge, enrol on the <u>teach primary computing certificate</u>. This will support you to develop your knowledge and skills in primary computing and gain the confidence to teach great lessons, all whilst earning a nationally recognised certificate!

### Progression

Learners should be familiar with:

- How to switch their device on
- Usernames
- Passwords

For an introduction to keyboard and mouse skills, learners may benefit from completing the Year 1 Computing Systems & Networks unit prior to this unit.

### Common misconceptions

A common misconception with this unit is that the eraser tool is the best tool to use if a pupil makes a mistake. However, the eraser tool will erase all layers of the painting. If a pupil wants to 'erase' something they have just painted which overlaps with another part of their painting, the undo tool is the better option. It is important to teach pupils the difference between these two tools.

Page 4 Last updated: 13/08/24

### Curriculum links

#### **Computing**

Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate, and retrieve digital content

#### **Art and Design**

- To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form, and space
- About the work of a range of artists, craft makers, and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines and making links to their own work

#### **Assessment**

#### Formative assessment

Assessment opportunities are detailed in each lesson plan. The learning objectives and success criteria are introduced in the slide deck at the beginning of each lesson and then reviewed at the end. Learners are invited to assess how well they feel they have met the learning objective using thumbs up, thumbs sideways. or thumbs down.

#### **Summative assessment**

Please see the assessment rubric document for this unit. The rubric can be used to assess learning and highlights whether the pupil is approaching (emerging), achieving (expected), or exceeding the expectations in this unit.

Resources are updated regularly — please check that you are using the latest version.

### Attribution statement

This resource was created by Raspberry Pi Foundation and updated by STEM Learning for the National Centre for Computing Education.

Page 5 Last updated: 13/08/24

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The original version can be made available on request via <a href="mailto:info@teachcomputing.org">info@teachcomputing.org</a>.

Page 6 Last updated: 13/08/24