Curriculum Intent & Progression Document YEAR 5

St. Mary's Catholic Voluntary Academy, Grantham

2022-23



Class Teacher: Ms Sam Maw

St. Mary's Catholic Voluntary Academy, Grantham 2022-23

Mission Statement

Christ is at the centre of St. Mary's as we strive to nurture and care for all our community members by encouraging them to **Believe**, **Succeed** and **Soar** within God's love, to achieve the very best that they can, in all areas.

Our Vision

We are disciples who put our faith into action in all that we do. We are role models who encourage others to shine and be the best version of themselves that they can be. We are investigators who ask questions about the past, the present and the future. We are artists who show our creativity and talents with flair and imagination. We are storytellers who have a passion for reading and are able to communicate in many ways. We are problem solvers who tackle tasks with an open mind and a positive approach. We are team players who work together to achieve our goals. We are explorers who learn new skills, embrace other cultures and value our locality and the wider world. We **Believe**. We **Succeed**. We **Soar**.

Our Gospel Virtues

To achieve our full Christian potential, we all need to live out our Gospel Virtues: -

Love A Christ-like love respects the talent of each person in our school.

Faith

Faith helps us to do God's will in this world.

Hope

Hope helps us to see a new life beyond our present one.

Peace

We know that if we love one another, peace will be all around us.

Mercy

We believe that mercy will be shown by the way we forgive others.

Community

We believe our community here unites us all as followers of Jesus.

St. Mary's Catholic Voluntary Academy, Grantham 2022-23

Curriculum Intent: YEAR 5 (2022-23)

	Year 5 English Reading						
ADVENT 1 Children will	ADVENT 2 Children will	LENT 1 Children will	LENT 2 Children will	PENTECOST 1 Children will	PENTECOST 2 Children will		
Class Text: 'Private Peaceful' by Michael Morpurgo Poet Study; Wilfred Owen 'Literacy Shed + VIPERS' - 'Private Peaceful' by Michael Morpurgo	Class Text: 'The Snow Sister' by Emma Carroll 'Literacy Shed + VIPERS' - 'The Snow Sister' by Emma Carroll	Class Text: 'Cosmic' by Cotterall Brice 'Literacy Shed + VIPERS' - 'Cosmic' by Cotterall Brice	Class Text: 'The Boy who Biked the World Part 2' by Alistair Humphreys 'Literacy Shed + VIPERS' - 'The Boy who Biked the World Part 2' by Alistair Humphreys	Class Text: 'Windrush Child' by Benjamin Zephaniah 'Literacy Shed + VIPERS' - 'Windrush Child' by Benjamin Zephaniah	Class Text: 'Varjak Paw' by SF Said 'Literacy Shed + VIPERS' - 'Varjak Paw' by SF Said		
Reading Objectives							
 Know how to maintain 	 Children will: Know how to maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by: Knowing how to continue to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks 						

- Knowing how to read books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes
- Knowing how to increase their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction form our literary heritage and books from other cultures and traditions
- Knowing how to recommend books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices
- Knowing how to identify and discuss themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing
- Knowing how to make comparisons within and across books
- Knowing a wider range of poetry by heart
- Knowing how to prepare poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience
- Know how to understand what they read by:

- Knowing how to check that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context
- Knowing how to ask questions to improve their understanding
- Knowing how to draw inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence
- Knowing how to predict what might happen from details stated and implied
- Knowing how to summarise the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas
- Knowing how to identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning
- Know how to discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader
- Know how to distinguish between statements of fact and opinion
- Know how to retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction
- Know how to participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously
- Know how to explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary
- Know how to provide reasoned justifications for their views

Reading Statement

Children accessing the Year 5 curriculum will be taught reading comprehension through 'The Literacy Shed + VIPERS' materials. VIPERS stands for: V – vocabulary

- I inference
- P predict
- E explain
- R retrieve
- S sequence or summarise

Each of these comprehension strategies will be explicitly taught and practised using carefully chosen, high quality texts.

Each child accessing the Year 5 curriculum will be provided with a reading book which will be selected by the children from our extensive upper key stage 2 band of books and will be monitored closely by the class adults. Children will be expected to read across the whole range of books including fiction, non-fiction, poetry and classics etc. Adults will discuss the children's reading as part of the ongoing assessment for reading comprehension. In addition, children will also be able to select books for reading for pleasure which is encouraged throughout the school.

Children working within the Year 3 and 4 curricula, will select reading books and books for pleasure from the lower key stage 2 band of books. They will be expected to read across the whole range and will be monitored and continuously assessed as above.

For children not yet able to access the KS2 curriculum, phonics, reading (decoding) and comprehension will be taught through our 'Fresh Start' Read, Write, Inc programme. This will include the provision of reading books to match their phonic level, however, these will not be the same as those in KS1; they will be age-appropriate.

In addition, children will also be able to select books for reading for pleasure from the KS1 resources and, if appropriate, from the LKS2 resources as detailed above.

As well as the books above, Year 5 has a specially curated 'book spine' of engaging age-related books which all members of the class are encouraged to read throughout the year, with awards for children who manage to read the entire spine within the year. The purpose of this is to further foster the love of reading in our children. The books are not meant to be read in any particular order and the texts are selected under the headings of 'Classic texts', 'Non-linear texts', 'Complexity of narrator', 'Figurative texts', Resistant texts' and 'Non-fiction' texts. The books in the Year 5 book spine are: Classic Texts

Treasure Island by Robert Louis Stevenson The Railway Children by E Nesbitt The Secret Garden by F Hodgson Black Beauty by Anna Sewell

Non Linear Texts An Eagle in the Snow by Michael Murpurgo When Hitler Stole Pink Rabbit by Judith Kerr Set of Shakespeare Stories by William Shakespeare, Andrew Matthews and Tony Ross

<u>Complexity of Author</u> The Boy at the Back of the Class by Onjali Rauf A Series of Unfortunate Events by Lemony Snicket The Girl who Speaks Bear by Sophie Anderson

<u>Figurative Texts</u> Poems – Rudyard Kipling Sky in the Pie – Roger McCough How to Live Forever by Colin Thompson

Resistant Texts Voices in the Park by Anthony Browne Non Fiction Texts Guinness World Records compiled by Guinness World Records The Street Beneath my Feet by Charlotte Guillian A Child Through Time by Phil Wilkinson The Hidden Figures by Margot Lee Shetterley Matisses Garden by Samantha Friedman There's a Boy in the Girl's Bathroom by Louis Sachar The Boy Who Swam with Piranhas by David Almond

Spoken Language

Children will:

- Know how to listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers
- Know how to ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge
- Know how to use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary
- Know how to articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions
- Know how to give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings
- Know how to maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments
- Know how to use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas
- Know how to speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English
- Know how to participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates
- Know how to gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s)
- Know how to consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others
- Know how to select and use appropriate registers for effective communication

English Writing					
Non-fiction: Balanced	Fiction: Mystery	Non- fiction:	Non-fiction: Instructions	Fiction: Diary entry	Fiction: Legend/quest
argument – Should 18	narrative inc. characters	Explanation text	– food prep, recipe	Poetry: Sonnets	narrative inc. characters
year olds join the war	and settings work.				and settings work.
effort?	Poetry: Free verse				

Persuasive letter					Non-fiction: Recount of boat trip down River Trent
	Handwriting				
Children will:	Children will:				
Know how to write	 Know how to write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed by: 				
 Knowing how to choose which shape of a letter to use when given choices and deciding whether or not to join specific letters 					
 Knowing how to choose the writing implement that is best suited for a task. 					
Grammar					

Children will:

- Know how to recognise vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms
- Know how to use passive verbs to affect the presentation of information in a sentence
- Know how to use the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause
- Know how to use expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely
- Know how to use modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility
- Know how to use relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (i.e. omitted) relative pronoun
- Know how to indicate grammatical and other features by:
 - Knowing how to use commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity in writing
 - o Knowing how to use hyphens to avoid ambiguity
 - Knowing how to use brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis
 - Knowing how to use semi-colons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses
 - Knowing how to use a colon to introduce a list
 - Knowing how to punctuate bullet points consistently
- Know how to convert nouns or adjectives into verbs using suffixes e.g. –ate, -ise, -ify
- Know how to use the verb prefixes e.g. dis-, de-, mis-, over- and re-
- Know how to use devices to build cohesion within a paragraph

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٠	Know how to link ideas across paragraphs using adverbials of time,
	place and number or tense choices

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place and number of tense choices				or tense choices	
		Vocal	oulary		
Year 4 vocabulary plus:	modal verb, relative pronou	in, relative clause, parenthe	esis, bracket, dash, cohesi	on, ambiguity	
		Spe	lling		
L1 & 2: Words with silent letter b L3 & 4: Words ending in -ible L5 & 6: Words ending in -able	L1 & 2: Words with silent letter t L3 & 4: Words ending in -ibly a nd -ably L5 & 6: Words ending in -ent	L1 & 2: Words ending in -ence L3 & 4: The ee sound spelt ei L5 & 6: Words ending in -ant, -ance and -ancy	L1 & 2: Words ending in shus spelt -cious L3 & 4: Words ending in shus spelt -tious L5 & 6: Words ending in shul spelt -cial or -tial	Revision of all units.	Revision of all units

MATHS							
ADVENT 1	ADVENT 2	LENT 1	LENT 2	PENTECOST 1	PENTECOST 2		
Children will	Children will	Children will	Children will	Children will	Children will		
Number: Place Value	Statistics	Number:	Number: Fractions	Consolidation	Geometry: Properties		
L1: know how to	L4: know how to read	Multiplication and	L10: know how to add		of Shape		
represent numbers to	and interpret tables.	Division	mixed numbers.	Number: Decimals			
10,000.	L5: know how to read	L1: know how to	L11: know how to	L1: know how to add	L7: know the properties		
L2: know how to round	and interpret two-way	multiply 2 and 3-digits	subtract fractions.	and subtract decimals	of different triangles		
to the nearest 10, 100	tables.	by 1-digit.	L12: know how to	within 1.	and quadrilaterals.		
and 1000.	L6: know how to read	L2: know how to	subtract mixed	L2: know how to add	L8: know how to		
L3: know how to	and interpret	multiply 4-digits by 1-	numbers.	decimals (crossing the	calculate lengths and		
represent, compare and	timetables.	digit.	L13: know how to	whole).	angles in shapes.		
order numbers to		L3: know how to	subtract 2 mixed	L3: know how to add			
100,000.		multiply 2-digits by 2-	numbers.	and subtract decimals			

L4: know how to round Number: digits, including the are L14: know how to with the same nu	
numbers within Multiplication and model. multiply unit fractions by of decimal places	•
100,000.DivisionL4: know how toan integer.L4: know how to	add irregular polygons.
L5: know how to L1: know what multiples multiply 3-digits by 2- L15: know how to decimals with a	
represent numbers to a and factors are. digits. multiply non-unit different number	of Geometry: Position
million. L2: know what common L5: know how to fractions by an integer. decimal places.	and Direction
L6: know how to factors are. multiply 4-digits by 2- L16: know how to L5: know how to	L1: know how to
compare and order L3: know what prime digits. multiply mixed numbers subtract decimals	Is with a describe position and
numbers to one million. numbers are. L6: know how to divide by integers. different number	of draw on a grid.
L7: know how to round L4: know what square 2-digits by 1-digit. L17: know how to decimal places.	L2: know how to
numbers to one million. and cube numbers are. L7: know how to divide calculate fractions of a L6: know how to	add describe the position in
L8: know what negative L5: know how to 3-digits by 1-digit. quantity or an amount. and subtract who	oles the first quadrant.
numbers are. multiply by 10 and 100. L8: know how to divide L18: know how use and decimals.	L3: know what
L9: know Roman L6: know how to 4-digits by 1-digit. fractions as operators. L7: know how to	translation is and
Numerals to 1,000.multiply by 10, 100 andL9: know how to dividecomplete decimal	al complete it with co-
1,000. with remainders. Number: Decimals sequences.	ordinates.
Number: Addition andL7: know how to divideand PercentagesL8: know how to	L4: know how to find
Subtraction by 10 and 100. Number: Fractions L1: know how to multiply decimals	s by 10, lines of symmetry and
L1: know how to add L8: know how to divide L1: know what a represent numbers with 100 and 1,000.	complete a symmetric
two 4-digit numbers by 10, 100 and 1000. fraction is. up to 2 decimal places. L9: know how to	divide figure.
(more than one L9: know how to find L2: know how to find L2: know how to	100 L5: know what
exchange). multiples of 10, 100 and equivalent fractions. represent decimals as and 1,000.	reflection is.
L2: know how to add 1,000. L3: know how to find fractions.	L6: know how to
whole numbers with fractions greater than 1. L3: know what Geometry: Prop	complete translation
more than 4 digits Measurement: L4: know how to thousandths are and of Shape	with co-ordinates.
(column method). Perimeter and Area convert improper represent them as L1: know how to	,
L3: know how to L1: know how to fractions to mixed decimals. identify, compare	e and Measurement:
subtract two 4-digit measure and find the numbers. L4: know how to round, order angles.	Converting Units
numbers (more than perimeter on a grid. L5: know how to compare and order L2: know how to	L1: know how to
one exchange). L2: know how to convert mixed numbers decimals. measure angles	in convert kilograms and
L4: know how to measure the perimeter to improper fractions. L5: know what degrees.	kilometres.
subtract whole numbers of a rectangle/ L6: know how to percentages are. L3: know how to	L2: know how to
with more than 4 digits rectilinear shape. compare and order L6: know the measure with a	convert millimetres and
(column method). relationship between protractor.	millilitres,

L5: know how to round to estimate and use the inverse operations (addition and subtraction). L6: know how to solve multi-step addition and subtraction problems. Statistics L1: know how to interpret charts (comparison, sum and difference). L2: know what a line graph is and be able to read and interpret them. L3: know how to draw line graphs and use them to solve problems.	L3: know how to calculate perimeter. L4: know how to count squares to find the area of rectangles. L5: know how to find the area of compound shapes. L6: know how to find the area of irregular shapes.	fractions less than and greater than 1. L7: know how to add and subtract fractions. L8: know how to add fractions within 1. L9: know how to add 3 or more fractions.	fractions, decimals and percentages. Consolidation and Assessment	L4: know how to draw lines and angles accurately. L5: know how to calculate angles on a straight line. L6: know how to calculate angles around a point.	L3: know what metric units are. L4: know what imperial units are. L5: know how to convert units of time. L6: know how to read and interpret timetables. Measurement: Volume L1: know what volume is. L2: know how to compare and estimate volume. L3: know how to estimate capacity.
Number: Place Value Millions, thousands, hundreds, tens, ones, zero, greater than, less than, order, round, rounded, negative number, partition, digit, interval, sequence, linear sequence	Statistics Axis, continuous data, horizontal, data, interpret, label, line graph, maximum value, minimum value, pattern, predict, relationship, represent, scale, survey, table, tally, timetable, vertical, x- axis, y-axis	VOCAE Number: Multiplication and Division Multiply, groups of, lots of, times, divide, share, remainder, factor, multiple, product, short multiplication, long multiplication, short division, short multiplication, short division	BULARY Numerator, denominator, unit fraction, non-unit fraction, whole, equivalent, mixed number, improper fraction, simplest form, multiple, common denominator, common numerator	Number: Decimals Tenths, hundredths, decimal tenths, decimal hundredths, decimal equivalents, part-whole model, rounding, decimal point	Geometry: Properties of Shape Angle, right angle, acute, obtuse, reflex, protractor, horizontal, vertical, parallel, perpendicular, polygon, regular, irregular, two- dimensional, three- dimensional, flat face, curved surface, edge, curved edge, vertex,

Number: Addition and Subtraction Add, total, make, plus, sum, more, altogether, difference, subtract, less, minus, take away, column addition, column subtraction, estimate, inverse operation, number facts, complex	Number: Multiplication and Division Multiply, groups of , lots of, times, divide, share, remainder, factor, multiple, product, squared, cubed, short multiplication, short division	Number: Fractions Numerator, denominator, unit fraction, non-unit fraction, whole, equivalent, mixed number, improper fraction, simplest form, multiple, common denominator, common numerator	Number: Decimals and Percentages Decimal place, decimal fraction, equivalent fraction, tenth, sharing, partitioning, exchanging, hundredth, thousandth, equal to, remainder, grouping, per cent (%) = out of 100, equivalent fraction, equivalent decimal, convert, compare, order, the whole	Geometry: Properties of Shape Angle, right angle, acute, obtuse, reflex, protractor, horizontal, vertical, parallel, perpendicular, polygon, regular, irregular, two- dimensional, three- dimensional, flat face, curved surface, edge, curved surface, edge, curved edge, vertex, apex, net, pentagonal prism, hexagonal prism, octagonal prism, octahedron	apex, net, pentagonal prism, hexagonal prism, octagonal prism, octahedron Geometry: Position and Direction Coordinate, quadrant, x-axis, y-axis, reflection, mirror line, translation, horizontal, vertical
Statistics Axis, continuous data, horizontal, data, interpret, label, line graph, maximum value, minimum value, pattern, predict, relationship, represent, scale, survey, table, tally, timetable, vertical, x-axis, y-axis	Measurement: Perimeter and Area Metre kilometre, length, width, rectangle, rectilinear, dimensions, Squared units (m ²)				Measurement: Converting Units Mass, gram, kilogram, capacity, volume, millilitre, centilitre, litre, millimetre, centimetre, kilometre
					Measurement: Volume Cubed, area, cross- section, prism, cube, cuboid, face, length, height, width, depth

 hey have changed since birth. dow do we recognise the amotional, internal and external changes which happen to boys and girls in puberty. How do you recognize you are growing and development and that of others? How do you recognize you are fifected your friendships? how to their streat you? Are these determined by how others treat you? Are these determined by how to their streat you? Pause, reflect and prayer. Pause, reflect and prayer. Changes as they grow up. Are there ways you are become more sensitive to the emotional development and that of others? If a friend was struggling with their self-confidence and self-esteem, what would you advise them to do? What does to mean to grow holisticall? Are there would you go for advice or to report concerned for your own or their mental health and wellbeing? Pause, reflect and prayer. Pause, reflect and prayer. 		RE/RSE		
Children willLo: I will know that as we grow we	Journey In Love:		d development.	
LO: I will know that as we grow we will become different in our bodies, feelings and love of God. Spiritual Physical Social Emotional Intellectual Spiritual dentify and celebrate the ways hey have changed since birth. Discuss the external and internal changes which happen to boys and girls in phoen to hygiene routers. Retognise that behaviour Reflect on ways to become more sensitive to the emotional development of themselves and others. Share with each other and calevelopment of themselves and others. Share with each other and calevelopment of themselves and others. Why do we think we might need o change turing puberty; why is it moportate, anappropriate, anappropriate, anappropriate, anappropriate, anappropriate, contact is appropriate, emprisent is translate to keeping safe online? Are there would you go for advice or to report concerns for yoursel or on behalf of a friend because you are worried about being uncomfortable or concerned for your own otheir mental health and wellbeing? Pause, reflect and prayer. Pause, reflect and prayer. Pause, reflect and prayer. Pause, reflect and prayer.				
Physical dentify and celebrate the ways hey have changed since birth. hey have changed since birth. how do we recognise the smotional, internal and external thanges that happen during uberty.Social Discuss the external and internal changes which happen to boys and girls in puberty.Emotional Recognise that behaviour changes as they grow up.Intellectual Reflect on ways to become more sensitive to development of the emotional development of the emotional development and that of others? If a friend was struggling with their self-confidence and self-esteem, what would you advise them to do?Metal difficulties might you face as your body changes and grows? God's love surrounds you and His Holy Spirit guides and protects you. How do we know what physical ontact is appropriate, nappropriate or unsafe?Discuss the external and internal changes are determined by how others treat you? How can this translate to keeping safe online?Emotional metal self-confidence and self-esteem, what would you advise them to do?Intellectual Reflect and prayer.Spiritual Share with each other and cheelpate the wonder of changes as they grow up. Are these ways and means we can ensure each aspect happens healt of a friend because you are worried about being unsafe, feeling uncomfortable or won or their mental health and wellbeing?Metal difficulties pubertySpiritual Share with each other and cheelpate the wonder of themes/ves and others.Pause, reflect and prayer.Pause, reflect and prayer.Pause, reflect and prayer.Pause, reflect and prayer.Pause, reflect and prayer.Pause, reflect and prayer.Pause, reflect and prayer.Pause, r				
dentify and celebrate the ways hey have changed since birth.Discuss the external and internal changes which happen to boys and girls in puberty.Recognise that behaviour changes as they grow up.Reflect on ways to become more sensitive to the emotional development of the work of what physical nappropriate or unsafe?Share with each other and celebrate the wonder of changes as they grow up.We do you recognize you are growing and developing? Do you think these changes have affected your friendships? How can this translate to happropriate or unsafe?Net were worked the wonder of the work and internal changes which happen to boys and girls in puberty.Recognise that behaviour changes as they grow up.Reflect on ways to become more sensitive to the emotional development of the motional development and that of others? How do we nerosonal hygiene?Reflect on ways to become more sensitive to the emotional development of the motional development and that of others?Reflect on ways to become more sensitive to the emotional development of the motional development and that of others?Reflect on ways to become more sensitive to the emotional development of themselves and others.Share with each other and celebrate the wonder of changes and grows? God's love surrounds you and His Holy Sourd or translate to how others treat you?Recognise that behaviour changes face on ince?Reflect on ways to becoming the doute the emotional development of the motional development and that of others?Reflect on ways to becoming the doute the emotional development of the work of the motional out on whody and thelp you to be concerned for your own or their				
	Social Discuss the external and internal changes which happen to boys and girls in puberty. How do you recognize you are growing and developing? Do you think these changes have affected your friendships? How? Are these determined by how others treat you? How can this translate to keeping safe online?	Emotional Recognise that behaviour changes as they grow up. Are there ways you are becoming sensitive to your emotional development and that of others? If a friend was struggling with their self-confidence and self-esteem, what would you advise them to do? Where would you go for advice or to report concerns for yourself or on behalf of a friend because you are worried about being unsafe, feeling uncomfortable or concerned for your own or their mental health and wellbeing? Pause, reflect and	Intellectual Reflect on ways to become more sensitive to the emotional development of themselves and others. As we grow and change, how do we recognize the God of love who journeys with us? What does to mean to grow holistically? Are there ways and means we can ensure each aspect happens healthily? Pause, reflect and	Share with each other and celebrate the wonder of change. What difficulties might you face as your body changes and grows? God's love surrounds you and His Holy Spirit guides and protects you. How will this help you to be respectful of your own body and help you to be courageous in the face of changes? Link to being a Missionary Disciple.
		VOCABULARY		

God, sensitivity, puberty, presence, celebrate, external, internal, change, develop, ovulation, biological, respect, reproduction, production, hormones, pituitary gland, uterus, fertilised, ovum, fallopian tube, penis, vagina, vulva, cervix, womb, menstrual cycle, period, fertilised ovum.

	HISTORY						
ADVENT 1	ADVENT 2	LENT 1	LENT 2	PENTECOST 1	PENTECOST 2		
Children will	Children will	Children will	Children will	Children will	Children will		
World War I (WWI). L1: Know where to place WW1 on a timeline; know why the First World War started. L2: Know the countries involved in WW1 and which were part of Allied forces, Neutral Countries and Opposing Countries. L3/4: Know what life was like in the trenches, including armoury and equipment. L5: Know the start date of the Battle of the Somme; know the events of the Battle of the Somme and the impact of this battle both on the battle field and back in the UK. L6: Know when and how WW1 ended and how this links to our		Tudors. L1: Know where to place Tudors on a timeline; to know how the War of the Roses led to the first Tudor king. L2: Know the chronology of Tudor Monarchs and that the Tudor period ended because Queen Elizabeth 1 had no children. L3/4: Know that King Henry VIII had six wives and that he formed the Church of England L5/6: Know about life in King Henry VIII's court including food, entertainment (including Shakespeare) and clothing		A local history study- Isaac Newton/Woolsthorpe Manor. L1: Know where to place Isaac Newton on a timeline; know that Isaac Newton was born at Woolsthorpe Manor Lincolnshire (local to us); know about his early life and childhood until he finished university. L2: Know that Isaac Newton discovered gravity including story of how this discovery came about. L3: Know about Isaac Newton's other major discoveries (White light is made up of a mixture of colours and First, Second and Third Laws of motion- using child friendly explanations)			

annual remembrance commemorations.		Newton' achieven (Presider Society, MP and Royal Mi L5/6: Vis Manor ar learning	nt of the Royal made a knight, warden of the
	VOCAB		
allied forces, trench, Battle of the Somme, remembrance, No Mans Land, battalions, conscription, front line, white feather, Lord Kitchener, Armistice, sandbags, rations, dug out.	monarch, beefeater, dress, gown, kirtle, chemise, corset, french hood, ruff, lute, stockings, gallows, bed warmer, reign, scythe, gallows, Henry V111, six wives, Hever Castle, dancing, court, farming, painting, rich, roasted, sweet, plentiful, House of York House of Lancaster, emblem, Richard of York, Tudor rose.	Woolsthe discovery Cambrid gravity, fe apple, M prism, re	ewton, m, Lincolnshire, orpe, laws, MP, y, university, ge, inventor, orces, maths, oon, orbit, fract, disperse, ster Abbey

GEOGRAPHY					
ADVENT 1	ADVENT 2	LENT 1	LENT 2	PENTECOST 1	PENTECOST 2
Children will	Children will	Children will	Children will	Children will	Children will
	Map work-		Mountains-		UK/France
	L1: know how to find		L1: know the location of		Comparison-
	places in an atlas using		the world's major		L1: know how to locate
			mountain ranges.		France on a map and

the index and	rdinataa	L2: know the locations	its position in Europe
the index, coo			its position in Europe;
and a key.		of the UK's mountains;	know how to compare
L2: know som		know what contour lines	population and country
symbols used		are and how they work;	sizes.
maps includin	g contour	know how to identify the	L2: know what the
lines.		peek of a mountain on	climate in France is like
L3: know the	8	a map.	and that it is different in
compass poin	ts; know	L3: know how different	different areas of the
how to give a	nd follow	types of mountains are	country.
directions usin	ng the 8	formed.	L3: know some of the
compass poin	ts.	L4: know the difference	main physical features
L4/5: know ho		between weather and	of France and compare
4 and 6 figure	grid	climate; know what the	these with the UK
references to	-	climate is like in	(rivers, mountains etc)
places on a m	lap.	mountainous regions.	L4: know some of the
L6: know how	•	L5: know the key	main cities in France
knowledge of		features of a mountain	and their position and
points and gri	d .	range and know that all	compare Paris with
references to	plan a	mountains are not the	London.
route.		same.	L5: know the main
		L6: know key facts	celebrations in France
		about a chosen	and compare these with
		mountain/mountain	the UK.
		range.	L6: know some
		Tange.	traditional French foods
			and compare
			similarities and
			differences with the UK.
		VOCABULARY	
Atlas, compas		Altitude, avalanche,	Agriculture, arable,
map, easting,		crust, gorges,	climate, continent,
references, N		hypothermia, lava,	country, human
Grid, northing		magma, summit,	geography, landscapes,
Ordnance Su	rvey,	tectonic plate.	physical geography,
symbols. Map	S,		

		population,
		precipitation, weather

		COMP			
ONLINE	SAFETY IS A LIFE SKILL	AND WILL ALWAYS BE	REFORCED AND REITER	RATED THROUGHOUT T	HE YEAR
ADVENT 1	ADVENT 2	LENT 1	LENT 2	PENTECOST 1	PENTECOST 2
Children will	Children will	Children will	Children will	Children will	Children will
COMPUTING	CREATING MEDIA –	PROGRAMMING A –	DATA AND	CREATING MEDIA –	PROGRAMMING B –
SYSTEMS AND	Video production	Selection in physical	INFORMATION – Flat-	Vector drawing	Selection in quizzes
NETWORKS- Sharing	L1 Know how to explain	computing	file databases	L1 Know how to identify	L1 Know how to explain
information	what makes a video	L1 Know how to control	L1 Know how to use a	that drawing tools can	how selection is used in
L1 Know that	effective	a simple circuit	form to record	be used to produce	computer programs
computers can be	L2 Know how to identify	connected to a	information	different outcomes	L2 Know how to relate
connected together to	digital devices that can record video	computer L2 Know how to write a	L2 Know how to	L2 Know how to create	that a conditional
form systems	L3 Know how to	program that includes	compare paper and	a vector drawing by combining shapes	statement connects a condition to an outcome
L2 Know how to	capture video using a	count-controlled loops	computer-based	L3 Know how to use	L3 Know how to explain
recognise the role of	range of techniques	L3 Know how to explain	databases	tools to achieve a	how selection directs
computer systems in	L4 Know how	that a loop can stop	L3 Know how to outline	desired effect	the flow of a program
our lives	L5 Know how to identify	when a condition is met	how you can answer	L4 Know how to	L4 Know how to design
L3 Know how to	that video can be	L4 Know how to explain	questions by grouping	recognise that vector	a program which uses
experiment with search	improved through	that a loop can be used	and then sorting data	drawings consist of	selection
engines	reshooting and editing	to repeatedly check	L4 Know how to explain	layers	L5 Know how to create
L4 Know how search	L6 Know how to	whether a condition has	that tools can be used	L5 Know how to group	a program which uses
engines select results	consider the impact of	been met	to select specific data	objects to make them	selection
L5 Know how search	the choices made when	L5 Know how to design	L5 Know how to explain	easier to work with	L6 Know how to
results are ranked	making and sharing a	a physical project that	that computer programs	L6 Know how to apply	evaluate my program
L6 Know why the order	video	includes selection	can be used to	what I have learned	
of results is important,		L6 Know how to create	compare data visually	about vector drawings	
and to whom		a program that controls	L6 Know how to use a		
		a physical computing	real-world database to		
		project	answer questions		
	VOCABULARY				
System, connection,	Video, audio, camera,	Microcontroller,	Database, data,	Vector, drawing tools,	Selection, condition,
digital, input, process,	talking head, panning,	components,	information, record,	object, toolbar, vector	true, false, count-

output, Search, search engine, refine, Index, crawler, bot, search engine, ordering, ranking, links, algorithm, search engine optimisation (SEO), Searching, web crawler, content creator, selection, ranking	close up, video camera, microphone, lens, close up, mid range, long shot, moving subject, side by side, high angle, low angle, normal angle, static camera, zoom, pan, tilt, storyboard, import, split, trim, clip, edit, reshoot, delete, trim, reorder, export, evaluate, share	connection, infinite loop, output component, motor, repetition, count- controlled loop, Crumble controller, components, switch, motor, LED, Sparkle, crocodile clips, connect, battery box, program, condition, Input, output, selection, condition, action, repetition, selection, debug	field, sort, order, group, record, sort, order, search, criteria, graph, chart, axis, compare, filter, presentation	drawing, move, resize, colour, rotate, duplicate/copy, zoom, select, align, modify, order, copy, paste, group, ungroup, duplicate, reuse, reflection	controlled loop, outcomes, conditional statement (the linking together of a condition and outcomes), algorithm, program, debug, question, answer, outcomes, test, run, debug
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	MUSIC				
ADVENT 1	ADVENT 2	LENT 1	LENT 2	PENTECOST 1	PENTECOST 2
Children will	Children will	Children will	Children will	Children will	Children will
MMC Y5 Unit 1	MMC Y5 Unit 2	MMC Y5 Unit 3	MMC Y5 Unit 4	LMS Clarinets	
How does music bring us together? L1: Know the style of the song 'Ghost Parade'; know that it is in a minor key; know that it is in 6/8 time and that this means there are 6 quaver beats in a bar L2: Know the structure of the song 'Ghost Parade'; know how to improvise to the song using 4 given notes,	How does music connect us with our past? L1: Know that the value of a dotted quaver is 1.5 times that of a quaver, ie three quarters of a beat; know that the value of a semiquaver is a quarter of a beat (and what one looks like) L2: Know the structure of the song 'The Sparkle in My Life'; know that a coda is a	How does music improve our world? L1: Know that the song 'Freedom is Coming' is a South African Pop song; know where this is placed historically, culturally and historically; know that the term 'mitre' is the musical term for time signature L2: Know how to create an accompaniment to the song 'Freedom is	How does music teach us about our community? L1: Know that the song 'Erie Canal' is a Reggae song; know where Reggae is placed historically, culturally and historically; know that this song is in a minor key and is in 4/4 time L2: Know that the music 'Dances in the Canebrakes: No 2, Tropical Noon' has	 Know that the clair woodwind family of Know that there a Know how to asset Know that the ree sound when air is Know that the level that they cover an different notes Know how to hold Know how to shap instrument 	of instruments re 5 sections to a clarinet emble a clarinet d vibrates to make the blown over it ers are called keys and id uncover holes to make

L3: Know how to copy back (echo) and create patterns of seven notes: A, B, C, D, E, F#, G (For lessons 4-6, base from the L4 plan; put the videos into the Charanga search box to find them quickly) L4: Know what rap music is; know how to create, edit and save a beat in the Charanga app 'Quickbeats' L5: Know how to use the alphabet and rhyme to write rap lyrics (suggest in pairs); know how to combine their saved Quickbeats beat (and edit where necessary) and their rap lyrics to compose a short rap song L6: Know how to perform their rap song to their class (possibly film and send out on SeeSaw)	reate bring it to an end, in particular when verses E, have been sung L3: Know that the song base 'Dreaming of Mars' is in 20 th and 21 st Century Orchestral style; know box that it uses both C major and C minor keys p and be able to identify w to these sections in the ave a piece; Iga L4: Know how to play a part on either the recorder or glockenspie to the song with up to 4 given notes including know Bflat and G# L5: Know how to sing beat the song 'Get On Board'; know the eir structure of the song, including the meaning of 'Bridge' and 'Scat' L6: Know how to perform the song 'Get on Board' for recording	 very loud, pianissimo (pp) means very quiet; mezzo forte (mf) means quite loud; mezzo piano (mp) means quite quiet L3: Know that a semibreve is worth 4 beats; know that a dotted minim is worth 3 beats L4&5: Know how to compose a simple melody on the Charanga app 'Music Notepad' of 6 bars, with time signature, key signature, from crotchets, quavers, minims and semibreves and their rests, with dynamics L6: Know that 'ternary 	be able to discuss these using musical vocabulary L3: Know that triplet quavers (known as simply 'triplets') have a value of 1 beat; know the emotion/feeling/intent of the song 'Heroes' and explain this to the class/each other in small groups L4: Know how to introduce a song (Heroes) to an audience; know how to evaluate your performance (e.g. what went well? What could I/we do better next time?) L5: Know that 'syncopation' is when the normal 1 st beat of a bar is not emphasised and instead a different beat within the bar is emphasised; know how to compose a short melody (4 bars) demonstrating syncopation L6: Know how to compose a simple melody on the Charanga app 'Music	 Know how to play notes G, F, E, D, C initially one at a time, then gradually combining notes in one piece of music Perform as an ensemble, with increasing proficiency
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		end and rising and/or falling phrases of 3 notes	Notepad' of up to 8 bars, with time signature, key signature, from crotchets, quavers, minims and semibreves and their rests, with dynamics, and influenced by one of the songs/pieces of music we have studied this term, Reggae, triplet, syncopation	
Year 4 Vocabulary + 6/8 time, rap, lyrics	Year 4 Vocabulary + 6/8 time, rap, lyrics, dotted quaver, semiquaver, coda, bridge, scat	Year 4 Vocabulary + 6/8 time, rap, lyrics, dotted quaver, semiquaver, coda, bridge, scat, fortissimo (ff), pianissimo (pp), mezzo forte (mf), mezzo piano (mp), semibreve, dotted minim, ternary form	BULARY Year 4 Vocabulary + 6/8 time, rap, lyrics, dotted quaver, semiquaver, coda, bridge, scat, fortissimo (ff), pianissimo (pp), mezzo forte (mf), mezzo piano (mp), semibreve, dotted minim, ternary form	Year 4 Vocabulary + 6/8 time, rap, lyrics, dotted quaver, semiquaver, coda, bridge, scat, fortissimo (ff), pianissimo (pp), mezzo forte (mf), mezzo piano (mp), semibreve, dotted minim, ternary form, woodwind, clarinet, reed, key

ART				
ADVENT - Mixed Media	LENT - Portraits	PENTECOST – Art Techniques		
Children will	Children will	Children will		
This is to be a child led topic that culminates in a	L1: Know about the artist Hans Holbein and some	L1: Know what 'perspective' is and to explore		
whole class collaboration around the theme of	of his portraiture	examples		
Remembrance. They can use any techniques,				
medium and materials. They should look at local	L2: Know how to revise their skills of colour mixing	L2: Know how to practise basic perspective		
representations in Wyndham Park.	and creating shades of each colour	techniques (tree lined avenue, railway line)		

	 L3: Know how to lightly sketch their own design, onto a grid to see how each part can be painted in isolation to create a whole image. L4: Know how to carefully paint using graduated shades L5: Know how to complete their grid section to replicate a finished painting L6: Know how to exhibit their individual and whole class grid pieces and appraise 	 L3: Know how to use perspective to create a street view (challenge on twinkl) L4: Know about the work of the artist M.C. Escher and their use of tessellations. Appraise examples. L5: Know how to make a template based on an Escher design L6: Know how to create a tessellated pattern inspired by Escher 		
VOCABULARY				
	Grid, style, portraiture, gradual, shading, whole image, section	Pattern, repeat, shape, perspective, midpoint, disappear, line, horizon,		

	DT	
ADVENT – Super Seasonal Cooking	LENT - Felt Phone Cases (ET, Phone Home)	PENTECOST - Marbulous Structures
Children will	Children will	Children will
L1 Know how to explain what seasonality means	L1 Know how to write some design criteria for a	L1 Know how to investigate, and apply my
and when different fruit and vegetables are in season in the United Kingdom	mobile phone case	knowledge of, free standing structures
L2 Know how to explain where, when and how a	L2 Know how to generate a range of design ideas	L2 Know how to use a wider range of tools and
variety of ingredients are reared, caught and	and clearly communicate my final design	equipment to perform practical tasks accurately (joining cardboard tubes together)
processed	L3 Know how to make a paper template for a	
L3 Know how to taste and evaluate seasonal	mobile phone case	L3 Know how to develop a range of practical skills
foods, recognising that sometimes we need to		to create bends.
try a new food a few times to find out if we like it.	L4 Know how to practise using different types of	
	stitches and choose the best one to use	L4 Know how to investigate existing products
L4 Know how to explain the importance of protein	on my final felt phone case	
as a proportion of a healthy varied diet		

L5 Know how to work as a group to generate, evaluate and refine recipe ideas, communicating final designs. L6 know how to prepare, cook and evaluate a healthy seasonal meal	L5 Know how to organise my ideas in a step by step plan. L6 know how to select decorative techniques and fastenings according to their functional properties aesthetic qualities. Know how to evaluate their product.	L5 Know how to select from and use materials and components to make a marble run L6 Know how to evaluate and improve my design and technology work.
	VOCABULARY	
seasonality, spring, summer, autumn, winter, imported, ripe, sustainable, seasonal, reared, caught, processed, asparagus, kale, spinach, radishes, rocket, Jersey Royal new potatoes, spring onions, taste, texture, smell, balanced, protein, Eatwell plate, Design criteria, specification, annotated diagram, generate, refine, blanch, fry, grill, griddle, chop, slice, peel, grate.	Design criteria, aesthetics, functional, innovative, annotate, design process specification, pattern, template, precisely, accurately, scale, measurements, millimetre, centimetre, prototype, whipstitch, backstitch, running, stitch, blanket stitch, plan, fastenings, decoration, felt, design process, fastenings, decoration, felt, design criteria, evaluate	Free standing, structure, support, stiffen, sturdy, stable, reposition, strengthen, reinforce, accurate, join, shape, cut aesthetics, tools, equipment, functional, bend, skills, tools, equipment, cut, shape, join, existing, product, aesthetic, functional, iterative process, test, evaluate, design criteria, improve

	FRENCH						
ADVENT 1- All around	ADVENT 2 - AII	LENT 1 – On the Move	LENT 2 – On the Move	PENTECOST 1 –	PENTECOST 2 -		
town	around town	Children will	Children will	Going Shopping	Going Shopping		
Children will	Children will			Children will	Children will		
L1: Know how to say	L1: Know how to count	L1: Know the names of	L1: Know how to give	L1: Know some French	L1: Know how to ask		
which town they live in;	to 100 in French. (oral	types of transport (oral	and follow simple	fruit and express a	and answer the		
know the names of	work)	work)	instructions (oral work)	preference (oral work)	question: where can I		
some key cities in					buy (oral work)		
France. (oral work)	L2: Know how to count	L2: Know the names of	L2: Know how to give	L2: Know some French			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	to 100 in French	types of transport	and follow simple	fruit and express a	L2: Know how to ask		
L2: Know how to say	(written work)	(written work)	instructions (written	preference (written	and answer the		
which town they live in;	· · · · · ·	· · · · ·	work)	work)	question: where can I		
know the names of					buy (written work)		

some key cities in France. (written work)	L3: Know how to give my address in French (oral work)	L3: Know how to say how you came to school (oral work)	L3: Know how ask and give directions (oral work)	L3: Know how to ask for some vegetables in French. (oral work)	L3: Know how to ask and give the price of items. (oral work)
L3: Know how to describe some of the features of our town in French. (oral work)	L4: Know how to give my address in French (written work)	L4: Know how to say how you came to school (written work)	L4: Know how ask and give directions (written work)	L4: Know how to ask for some vegetables in French. (written work)	L4: Know how to ask and give the price of items. (written work)
L4: Know how to describe some of the features of our town in French (written work) L5: Know how to count in tens (oral work) L6: Know how to count in tens (written work)	L5: Know how to use a French/English dictionary. (oral work) L6: Know how to use a French/English dictionary. (written work)	L5: Know how to give simple directions in French (oral work) L6: Know how to give simple directions in French (written work)	L5: Know how to conjugate the verb 'aller'. (oral work) L6: Know how to conjugate the verb 'aller'. (written work)	L5: Know how to apply knowledge of clothes and colours to make sentences (oral work) L6: Know how to apply knowledge of clothes and colours to make sentences (written work)	L5: Know how to apply my learning to role play shopping (oral work) L6: Know how to apply my learning to role play shopping (written work)
		VOCAB			
j'habite a, ou habite-tu, Paris, magasin, ecole, eglise, muse, boulangerie, piscine, gare, patisserie, café, supermarche, cinema, parc, theatre, marche, mosque, riviere, il y a, il n'ya pas de, quarante, cinquante, soixante, soixante-dix, quatre- vingts, quarter-vingts- dix, cent, plus, font, moins, divise par, fois,	Mon adresse est, avenue, boulevard, allez, rue, place, du/de l'/ de la/des, montagne, lac, soleil, hopital, bois, arbre, singe, chameau, plage, mairie, ferme, lune, fleur, chevre, vache, que veut dire	voiture, autobus, velo, a pied, cheval, train, camion, helicoptere, avion, trottinette, taxi, moto, les transports, en, a, comment vas-tu a l'ecole?, je vais a l'ecole en/a, tout droit, tournez, a droit, a guache, chaud, froid,	bras, jambe, coude, main, pliez, tendez, liez, tenez, lachez, pour le/la, bien sur, premier/premiere, deuxieme, troisieme, C'est tout droit, a droit, a gauche, Je vais, tu vas, il va, elle va, nous allons, vous allez, ils vont, elles vont,	la banana, la peche, les raisins, beaucoup, un peu, les legumes, la pomme de terre, l'oignon, l'ail, la carrotte, le chou-fleur, le chou, le brocoli, le poivron, je voudrais, les vetements, cardigan, chemise, avez-vous,	Magasin de chausseurs, la fromagerie, la boucherie, la bijouterie, le magasin de jouets, le magasin de vetements, la confiserie, du pain, un collier, un ballon de football, une paire de chausseurs, ou puis-je acheter?, vous pouvez l'cheter au/a la, C'est combine? Voici votre monnaie, une boite de chocolat, des boucles d'oreilles, un bateau,

			une montre, des bonbons, des
			cotelettes, une bague

Tag RugbyL1: know how to dribbleL6: know how to createL6: know how to use aL1: know how tothe ball under pressure.a partner sequencevariety of strokes todevelop attackingL2: know how to passusing apparatus.outwit an opponent.principles,the ball accurately tousing apparatus.using arandom	Athletics L1: know how to apply
develop attacking principles,L2: know how to pass the ball accurately tousing apparatus.outwit an opponent.L1: know how to create using a random	
principles, the ball accurately to using a random	I I I KNOW NOW TO ADDIV
un de vete velle en terrete de la terrete de la ferrete de la terrete de la t	different speeds over
understanding when tohelp to maintainHandballDodgeballstructure and perform	varying distances.
run and when to pass. possession. L1: know how to L1: know how to recap the actions showing	L2: know how to
L2: know how to use L3: know how to use develop a variety of on the rules of quality and control.	develop fluency and co-
the 'forward pass' and different turns to keep passes and know when dodgeball and apply L2: know how changing	ordination when running
'offside' rules.the ball away fromto use each to help tothem to a game.the dynamics of an	for speed.
L3: know how to play defenders. maintain possession. L2: know how to action changes the	L3: know how to
games using tagging L4: know how to L2: know how to use develop throwing at a appearance of the	develop technique in
rules. develop defending skills stepping, dribbling and moving target. performance.	relay changeovers.
L4: know how to to gain possession. passing skills to create L3: know how to use L3: know how to use	L4: know how to
develop dodging skills L5: know how to space, move towards jumps, dodges and relationships and space	develop technique and
to lose a defender. develop goalkeeping goal and away from ducks to avoid being to change how a	co-ordination in the
L5: know how to skills to stop the defenders. hit. performance looks.	triple jump.
develop drawing opposition from scoring. L3: know how to use L4: know how to L4: know how to work	L5: know how to
defence and L6: know how to apply defending skills to stop develop catching to get with a group to create	develop throwing with
understanding when to the rules and tactics an opponent from an opponent out. poses and link them	force for longer
pass. you have learnt to play scoring. L5: know how to select together (transitions).	distances.
L6: know how to apply in a football L4: know how to select and apply tactics in the L5: know how to use	L6: know how to
the rules and tactics tournament. and apply the game. choreographing devices	develop throwing with
you have learnt to play appropriate skill to L6: know how to when working as a	greater control and
in a tag rugby score goals. develop officiating skills group.	technique.
tournament. L5: know how to use and referee a dodgeball L6: know how to copy	
defensive skills to gain game.	
possession.	
L6: know how to	
maintain possession	
under pressure.	
VOCABULARY	
Swimming Swimming Gymnastics Tennis Badminton	Rounders
Sculling, crawl, Personal best, exhale Symmetrical, Ready position, return, Backhand, control, ready	Strike, pressure, outwit,
breaststroke, submersion, surface, inhale, asymmetrical, extension, serve, outwit, control, position, forehand, co-	fielding, batting, backing
rotation backstroke, endurance, propel, rotation, synchronisation, opponent, forehand, operatively, outwit, rally, return, serve, ready position,	up, co-operatively,

buoyancy, survival, alternate, huddle, stroke, treading water	continuous, streamline, retrieve	canon, inverted, progression, aesthetics	backhand, volley, co- operatively, continuously	defensive, attacking, opponent, attacking, continuously	retrieve, consecutive, consistently, overtake, obstruction
Tag Rugby	Football	Handball	Dodgeball	Dance	Athletics
Defence, onside offside, opponent, possession, attack, formation, dictate, shut down, pressure, receiver, turnover, support	Control, tactics, opponent, intercepting, possession, tracking, consistently, conceding, outwit, pressure, foul, touch, possession, outwit	Pressure, delay, control, tactics, support, release, angle, reaction, principle, inclusion, create, close down, transfer	Pressure, tactics, opponent, officiate, referee, fair play, consistently, outwit, sportsmanship, support, tournament, co- operatively	Levels, actions, formation, timing, relationship, performance, expression, unison, posture, dynamics, canon	Technique, compete, continuous pace, flight, determination, personal best, momentum, stride, downsweep, upsweep, officiate, rhythm

PSHE Statements to Live By – Odd numbers						
ADVENT 1 Children will	ADVENT 2 Children will	LENT 1 Children will	LENT 2 Children will	PENTECOST 1 Children will	PENTECOST 2 Children will	
L1/2 We are all special. L3/4 I can say how I feel. L5/6 I know what to do if I see anyone being hurt.	L1/2 I try to stand up for myself and others without hurting others. L3/4 I can tell you how I look after myself. L5/6 I can work, play, rest and pray each day	L1/2 I try to love others as I love myself. L3/4 I know I belong in a community that includes my school. L5/6 I listen to what you say. I show that I am listening to you.	L1/2 I try to use words that make the world a better place. (Please, sorry, thank you). L3/4 I know that it is ok for me to make mistakes. L5/6 I try to keep going when things are difficult and not give up hope.	L1/2 I know when to ask for help and who to ask for help from. L3/4 I know how to help others when they are in trouble. L5/6 I try to forgive people when they hurt me.	L1/2 I know how to show I am sorry. L3/4 I know what human dignity means and I show that I respect others. L5/6 I notice that we are the same and we are different.	
		VOCAB	ULARY			
special, feelings, hurt, good, proud, happy, sad	work, rest, pray	love, community, belong, school,	world, please, thank you, sorry, mistake, difficult	help, trouble, forgive	sorry, respect, same, different	
PSHE Statements to Live By – Even numbers						
ADVENT 1 Children will	ADVENT 2 Children will	LENT 1 Children will…	LENT 2 Children will…	PENTECOST 1 Children will	PENTECOST 2 Children will	

L1/2 I can say one good thing about myself. L3/4 I can laugh and have fun. L5/6 I understand that rights match responsibility.	L1/2 I try to be just and fair. L3/4 I think before I make choices that affect my health. L5/6 Simple things can make us happy.	L1/2 I try to follow our school and classroom rules. L3/4 I know we are happiest when we are united. L5/6 I co-operate with others in work and play.	L1/2 I try to appreciate the beauty and the wonder in the world around me L3/4 I can learn from my mistakes and failures. L5/6 I know what humility means.	L1/2 I can recognise comfortable and uncomfortable feelings. L3/4 I understand what trust means. L5/6 I try to accept forgiveness from others.	L1/2 I understand the importance of peace. L3/4 I stand up for people who are being treated unfairly. L5/6 I try to be accepting of others.			
	VOCABULARY							
good, laugh, fun, rights, responsibility	just, fair, choices, health	school, classroom, rules, united, co- operate, work, play	appreciate, beauty, wonder, world, mistake, failure, humility	comfortable, uncomfortable, trust, accept, forgiveness	peace, unfair, fair, important, accept			

			SCIENCE		
ADVENT 1– Properties and Changes of Materials (Physics) Children will	ADVENT 2– Properties and Changes of Materials (Physics) Children will	LENT 1– Earth and Space (Physics) Children will	LENT 2 - Forces (Physics) Children will…	PENTECOST 1– Living Things and their Habitats (Biology) Children will	PENTECOST 2– Animals including Humans (Biology) Children will
L1: Know how to group	L1: Know that	L1: Know what we	L1: Know what a force	L1: Know how to	L1: Know what a
together everyday	dissolving, mixing and	mean by the Solar	is. Know that	describe the lifecycles	gestation period is and
materials of the basis of	changes of state are	System. Know that it	unsupported objects fall	of an amphibian (frog),	compare the gestation
their properties. Know	reversible changes	contains 8 planets and	towards the earth	a bird and a mammal	periods of different
how to use your		their moons orbiting the	because of the force of	(human).	animals, including
knowledge of solids,	L2: Know that some	sun. Know the names	gravity acting between		humans. (explain why
liquids and gases to	changes result in the	of the planets.	the earth and the falling	L2: Know how to	animals have different
decide how mixtures	formation of new		object.	describe the lifecycles	gestation periods)
might be separated	materials and that this	L2: Know the relative		an insect (butterfly and	
through filtering,	kind of change is not	size of each of the	L2: Know that there is a	grasshopper). Know	L2: Know how the
magnetic attraction,	usually reversible	planets in relation to the	very small amount of	what metamorphosis is.	human foetus develops
sieving and	(burning, acid on	sun	gravity on the moon		
evaporating.	bicarb)		(but not air). Know the		

 L2: (use first part of lesson 2) Know what dissolving is. Know that some solids will dissolve in liquid to form a solution. L3: (continuing lesson 2) Know the difference between dissolving and melting L4: Know what soluble and insoluble means. Know how to use their knowledge to make predictions about materials and whether they are soluble or insoluble. L5: Know that the original solid material is recoverable from some solutions through the process of evaporation. Know that the addition of heat increases the rate of evaporation 	L3: Know what a 'conductor' is. Know what a 'thermal insulator' is. Know which materials are thermal conductor and insulators. Know why thermal conductors and insulators are used. L4: Know the reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular use of metal wire compared to wood and plastic in an electrical circuit. L5: Know about a famous scientific discovery. Know how glue is made and its properties.	L3: Know how the moon moves in relation to the earth. Know the 4 main moon phases. L4: (use lesson 6) Know how the surface of the moon is created and changes L5: Know how we know that the earth, sun and moon are approximately spherical L6: (Use lesson 5) Know how to explain day and night using Earth's rotation and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky.	difference between mass and weight. L3: Know what air resistance is and how it works L4: Know what water resistance is and how it works L5: Know what friction is and how it works L6: Know what a lever is, a pulley and gears are and how they work to allow a smaller force to have greater effect.	L3: (use lesson 4) Know how plants reproduce L4: Know how mammals reproduce (linked to RHSE) L5/6: Know what conservation is and why it is necessary. Know some of the work of Jane Goodall. Know some of the work of Richard Attenborough.	L3: Know that there are 4 main stages of human life; know that babies under-go rapid development in the first year L4: Know what puberty is and be able to describe the changes that occur during this time (emotional and physical) L5: Know some of the changes that take place in old age L6: Know what life expectancy is and know that there are many factors that can influence life expectancy
Thermal/electrical	Thermal/electrical	Earth, sun, moon,	Force, Gravity, Earth,	life cycle, live, young,	Adolescent, adult,
insulator/conductor,	insulator/conductor,	Mercury, Jupiter,	air resistance, water	fertilises, egg, runners,	asexual reproduction,

change of state,	change of state,	Saturn, Venus, Mars,	resistance, friction,	reproduce, sperm,	sexual reproduction,
mixture, dissolve,	mixture, dissolve,	Uranus, Neptune, Pluto	mechanisms, simple	metamorphosis	fertilization, death,
solution, soluble,	solution, soluble,	(dwarf planet),	machines, levers,	gestation, cuttings,	teenager, elderly,
insoluble, filter, sieve,	insoluble, filter, sieve,	spherical, solar system,	pulleys, gears, Newton,	plantlets, bulb,	toddler, reproduction,
reversible/not	reversible/not	rotates, star, orbit,	up thrust, opposing,	sexual/asexual	foetus, growth, puberty,
reversible, change,	reversible, change,	planets, axis, night,	streamline, brake, cog,	reproduction	menstrual cycle,
burning, rusting, new	burning, rusting, new	day, season, galaxy.	weight, mass.		gestation
material.	material.	Meteorite, celestial			