Curriculum Intent & Progression Document FRENCH

St. Mary's Catholic Voluntary Academy, Grantham

2022-23



Subject Leader: Emma Glover

Mission Statement

Christ is at the centre of St. Mary's as we strive to nurture and care for all our community members by encouraging them to **Believe**, **Succeed** and **Soar** within God's love, to achieve the very best that they can, in all areas.

Our Vision

We are disciples who put our faith into action in all that we do.

We are role models who encourage others to shine and be the best version of themselves that they can be.

We are investigators who ask questions about the past, the present and the future.

We are artists who show our creativity and talents with flair and imagination.

We are storytellers who have a passion for reading and are able to communicate in many ways.

We are problem solvers who tackle tasks with an open mind and a positive approach.

We are team players who work together to achieve our goals.

We are explorers who learn new skills, embrace other cultures and value our locality and the wider world.

We Believe. We Succeed. We Soar.

Our Gospel Virtues

To achieve our full Christian potential, we all need to live out our Gospel Virtues: -

Love

A Christ-like love respects the talent of each person in our school.

Faith

Faith helps us to do God's will in this world.

Hope

Hope helps us to see a new life beyond our present one.

Peace

We know that if we love one another, peace will be all around us.

Mercy

We believe that mercy will be shown by the way we forgive others.

Community

We believe our community here unites us all as followers of Jesus.

Curriculum Intent General Principles:

Below, the General Principles of our whole school curriculum intention are in black print, along with what this translates to as regards French in red:

The **General Principles** of our curriculum are that children:

- Meet Jesus through all aspects of their work It is our intention that the children will encounter Jesus through elements of their French work, through their developing understanding of their part in the wider world. We hope that their growing knowledge of another culture and its language will help them to see themselves as part of God's bigger picture.
- Experience the challenge and enjoyment of learning. Learning a new language pushes your brain to get familiar with new grammar and vocabulary rules. It allows you to train your memory to remember new words, make connections between them, and use them in contextual situations. One of the most rewarding aspects of the human experience is our ability to connect with others. Being able to communicate with someone in his or her language is an incredible gift. Bilinguals have the unique opportunity to communicate with a wider range of people in their personal and professional lives. Knowing the language makes you a local no matter where you are, opening up your world literally and figuratively.
- Learn within a coherent and progressive framework. A high-quality languages education should foster pupils' curiosity and deepen their understanding of the world. We have tried to plan the curriculum to enable children to dive deeper and linger longer so that their understanding of the structure and their ability to communicate the French language can grow alongside their enjoyment of this new skill. It will focus primarily upon practical communication both in oral and written form.
- See clear links between different aspects of their learning. French is not a stand-alone subject. Through-out the activities, we hope the children will see connections with other aspects of their learning including History, RHSE, Maths and their work in the WOW area. People who speak more than one language have improved memory, problem-solving and critical-thinking skills, enhanced concentration, ability to multitask, and better listening skills. They switch between competing tasks and monitor changes in their environment more easily than monolinguals, as well as display signs of greater creativity and flexibility.
- Understand the purpose and value of their learning and see its relevance to their past, present and future. Language teaching should provide the foundation for learning further languages, equipping pupils to study and work in other countries. In today's increasingly interconnected and interdependent world, proficiency in other languages is a vital skill that gives you the opportunity to engage with the world in a more immediate and meaningful way. You will be shaped by communities. You will be humbled by the kindness of strangers. You will build lifelong friendships. And for these reasons alone, you will see the reward of learning languages for many years to come. Language is the most direct connection to other cultures. Being able to communicate in another language exposes us to and fosters an appreciation for the traditions, religions, arts, and history of the people associated with that language. Greater understanding, in turn, promotes greater tolerance, empathy, and acceptance of others—with studies showing that children who have studied another language are more open toward and express more positive attitudes toward the culture associated with that language.
- Explore the breadth and depth of the national curriculum. It is intended that when children leave St Marys Catholic Voluntary Academy, they will have a natural curiosity and confidence to explore, other countries, cultures and languages, accepting that, in a multi-lingual society it is a valuable skill to be able to communicate effectively with others in another language. They will be engaged and prepared to continue language learning at Secondary School

Curriculum Intent: FRENCH (2022-23)

	Year 3 FRENCH						
ADVENT 1 – Getting to know you Children will	ADVENT 2 - Getting to know you Children will	LENT 1 – All about me Children will	LENT 2 - All about me Children will	PENTECOST 1 – Food, glorious food Children will	PENTECOST 2 – Food glorious food Children will		
L1: Know how to greet people in different ways (oral work)	L1: Know how to say goodbye (oral work) L2: Know how to say	L1: Know how to listen and respond to instructions (oral work)	L1: Know the names of colours in French (oral work)	L1: Know the names of some foods in French (oral work)	L1: Know how to describe the colour of something (oral work)		
L2: Know how to greet people in different ways (written work)	goodbye (written work) L3: Know how to count to 10 in French (oral	L2: Know how to listen and respond to instructions (written work)	L2: Know the names of colours in French (written work)	L2: Know the names of some foods in French (written work)	L2: Know how to describe the colour of something (written work)		
L3: Know how to ask and respond to the question; what is your name? (oral work)	work) L4: Know how to count to 10 in French (written work)	L3: Know the different body parts (oral work) L4: Know the different	L3: Know the names of some clothes in French; know that some nouns are masculine and that others are feminine.	L3: Know how to make a polite request, know how to say 'some' (oral work)	L3: Know how to use some adjectives with familiar vocabulary. (oral work)		
L4: Know how to ask and respond to the question; what is your name? (written work)	L5: Know how to ask someone's age (oral work)	body parts (written work) L5: Know some French action words (oral work)	(oral work) L4: Know the names of some clothes in French; know that some nouns	L4: Know how to make a polite request, know how to say 'some' (written work)	L4: Know how to use some adjectives with familiar vocabulary. (written work)		
L5: Know how to express how they are feeling (oral work)	L6: Know how to ask someone's age (written work)	L6: Know some French action words (written work)	are masculine and that others are feminine. (written work)	L5: Know how to express a preference, know how to use le, la and les (oral work)	L5: Know how to apply learnt vocabulary to make sentences. (oral		
L6: Know how to express how they are feeling (written work)			L5: Know the names of some accessories in French; know how to	L6: Know how to express a preference,	work) L6: Know how to apply learnt vocabulary to		

			use the conjunction 'et' (oral work) L6: Know the names of some accessories in French; know how to use the conjunction 'et' (written work)	know how to use le, la and les (written work)	make sentences (written work)
			ULARY		
Bonjour, Salut, Bonsoir, Bonne nuit, Je m'appelle, Mademoiselle, Madam, Monsieur, Comment t'appelles-tu?, comment ca va?, ca va bien, merci, ne va pas bien, et toi? tres bien, comme ci comme ca, mal,	as-tu?, j'ai x ans,	Asseyez-vous, taisez-vous, levez-vous, rangez vous affaires, regardez, ecoutez, repetez, regardez moi, allez, venez au tapis, rangez vous chaises, allons jouer, voici, nez, epaules, tete, genoux, pieds, les yeux, la bouche, les oreilles, corps, non, oui, allez-y, comment diten francais, touche, Jaques a dit, croisez les bras, la main, tapez, courez, sautez, prenez, posez, marches, touchez, T'es elimine	bleu, blanc, rouge, noir, jaune, vert, rose, marron, orange, gris, violet, montrez-moi, C'est de quelle couleur?, Qu'est qu'il y a dans l'armoire?, Il y a, une jupe, un pantalon, un pull, un tee-shirt, une chemise, un short, une robe, un maillot de corps, un sweat, un slip, des chausettes, Qu'estque tu portes?, Je porte, une echarpe, un manteau, des lunettes, un impermeable, des bottes, un chapeau, une ceinture, des gants, une montre, et,	Le chien tres gourmand, as x heures, il mange, elle mange, du diner, mange rien, une pomme, poires, prunes, fraises, gateau, glace, cornichon, fromage, saucisson, sucette, tarte au cerises, saucisse, brioche, la pasteque, je voudrais, s'il vous plait, voila, de la, du, soupe, chocolat, des, manger, tu aimes, J'aime, je deteste, Qu'est-ce que tu prefers?, je n'aime pas, j'adore,	C'est de quelle couleur?, clair, fonce, vif, petit, petite, grand, grande, famillles, as-tu, je n'ai pas, lavez-vous, l'eau, du savon, de la mousse, une serviette, ouvrez, coupez, le sachet,

	Year 4 FRENCH						
ADVENT 1 – Family and friends Children will	ADVENT 2 – Family and friends Children will	LENT 1 – Our school Children will	LENT 2- Our school Children will	PENTECOST 1 - Time Children will	PENTECOST 2- Time Children will		
L1: Know how to say 'my'; know the titles of some family members. (oral work) L2: Know how to say 'my'; know the titles of some family members (written work) L3: Know how to make sentences about myself, know the names of some pets (oral work) L4: Know how to make sentences about myself, know the names of some pets (written work) L5/6: Know how to pronounce the French alphabet (oral work)	L1: Know how to use 'il' and 'elle' (oral work) L2: Know how to use 'il' and 'elle' (written work) L3/4: Know how to apply their knowledge of the French alphabet to spell simple French words (oral work) L5: Know the names of some of the rooms in a house or flat (oral work) L6: Know the names of some of the rooms in a house or flat (written work)	L1: Know the names of some of the objects around the classroom. Know how to say: he, she, is (m/f) and they are (m/f) (oral work) L2: Know the names of some of the objects around the classroom. Know how to say: he, she, is (m/f) and they are (m/f) (written work) L3: Know some vocabulary for the objects in a pencil case (oral work) L4: Know some vocabulary for the objects in a pencil case (written work) L5: Know the names of subjects at school. (oral work) L6: Know the names of subjects at school (written work)	L1: Know some action words in French. (oral work) L2: Know some action words in French (written work) L3: Know the names of places around school (oral work) L4: Know the names of places around school (written work) L5: Know how to say and write sentences using infinitive verbs. (oral work) L6: Know how to say and write sentences using infinitive verbs. (written work)	L1: Know numbers from 11-31(oral work) L2: Know numbers from 11-31 (written work) L3: Know the days of the week (oral work) L4: Know the days of the week (written work) L5: Know the months of the year (oral work) L6: Know the months of the year (written work)	L1: Know how to say the date of their birthday (date and month) (oral work) L2: Know how to say the date of their birthday (written work) L3: Know how to say and write the date using day, number and month; know some important French festivals (oral work) L4: Know how to say and write the date using day, number and month; know some important French festivals (written work) L5: Begin to know how to conjugate the verb 'to be' for past and future tense (oral work) L6: Begin to know how to conjugate the verb 'to		

					be' for past and future tense (written work)
		VOCAE	BULARY		
Qui est-ce?, moi, mon frere, ma soeur, ma mere, mon pere, mes parents, mon grandpere, ma grand-mere, mes grands-parents, ma tante, mon oncle, ma cousine, mon cousin, mes cousins, mon neveu, ma niece, ma famille, lapin, chien, chat, tortue, hamster, poisson, oiseau, souris, couchon d'Inde, serpent, As-tu un animal?, les lettres,	il, elle, majuscule, s'escrit, chez moi, le garage, la cuisine, la salle de bain, la chambre, maison, un apartement, l'entrée, le salon, salle a manger, le sous-sol, le bureau, l'escalier, le grenier, le jardin,	La salle de classe, la porte, la fenetre, la table, la chaise, l'ordinateur, le livre, les lumieres, ou sont? Ou est?, dans, trousse, crayon, stylo, crayon de coleur, taille-crayon, une gomme, la regle, les mathematiques, les maths, l'anglais, le francais, le dessin, la geographie, la geo, la musique, les sciences, l'histoire, l'education physique, l'informatique,	Arretez, sautez a cloche-pied, sur place, sautillez, l'ecole, la cour de recreation, la bibliotheque, sale de musique, le terrain de jouer, la grande salle, la salle de informatique, le bureau du directeur/directrice, la cantine, le bureau, le couloir, la sale des professeurs, je suis dans, lire, manger, courir, chanter, marcher, jouer au foot, parler avec mes ami(e)s, travailler sur l'ordinateur, jouer au basket, aider le professeur,	onze, douze, treize, quartorze, quinze, seize, dix-sept, dix-huit, dix-neuf, vingt, vingt-et-un, trente, les nombres, lundi, mardi, mecredi, jeudi, ventredi, samedi, dimanche, mois, janvier, fevrier, mars, avril, mai, juin, juillet, aout, septembre, octobre, novembre, decembre, l'annee, entire, la semaine,	anniversaire, la date de ton anniversaire, nous sommes, les fetes, fete du travaille, Mardi gras, fetes de rois, aujourd'hui, Bastille Day, jours de fetes, hier, c'etait, demain, quelle sera,

	Year 5 FRENCH					
ADVENT 1 – AII	ADVENT 2 - AII	LENT 1 – On the move	LENT 2 – On the move	PENTECOST 1 –	PENTECOST 2 –	
around town	around town	Children will	Children will	Going shopping	Going shopping	
Children will	Children will			Children will	Children will	
L1: Know how to say	L1: Know how to count	L1: Know the names of	L1: Know how to give	L1: Know some French	L1: Know how to ask	
which town they live in;	to 100 in French. (oral	types of transport (oral	and follow simple	fruit and express a	and answer the	
know the names of	work)	work)	instructions (oral work)	preference (oral work)	question: where can I	
some key cities in					buy (oral work)	
France. (oral work)			L2: Know how to give	L2: Know some French		
			and follow simple	fruit and express a		

					1016
L2: Know how to say	L2: Know how to count	L2: Know the names of	instructions (written	preference (written	L2: Know how to ask
which town they live in;	to 100 in French	types of transport	work)	work)	and answer the
know the names of	(written work)	(written work)			question: where can I
some key cities in			L3: Know how ask and	L3: Know how to ask for	buy (written work)
France. (written work)	L3: Know how to give	L3: Know how to say	give directions (oral	some vegetables in	
	my address in French	how you came to	work)	French. (oral work)	L3: Know how to ask
L3: Know how to	(oral work)	school (oral work)			and give the price of
describe some of the			L4: Know how ask and	L4: Know how to ask for	items. (oral work)
features of our town in	L4: Know how to give	L4: Know how to say	give directions (written	some vegetables in	
French. (oral work)	my address in French	how you came to	work)	French. (written work)	L4: Know how to ask
	(written work)	school (written work)			and give the price of
L4: Know how to			L5: Know how to	L5: Know how to apply	items. (written work)
describe some of the	L5: Know how to use a	L5: Know how to give	conjugate the verb	knowledge of clothes	,
features of our town in	French/English	simple directions in	'aller'. (oral work)	and colours to make	L5: Know how to apply
French (written work)	dictionary. (oral work)	French (oral work)	,	sentences (oral work)	my learning to role play
,	,	,	L6: Know how to	,	shopping (oral work)
L5: Know how to count	L6: Know how to use a	L6: Know how to give	conjugate the verb	L6: Know how to apply	,
in tens (oral work)	French/English	simple directions in	'aller'. (written work)	knowledge of clothes	L6: Know how to apply
,	dictionary. (written	French (written work)	(111)	and colours to make	my learning to role play
L6: Know how to count	work)	(,		sentences (written	shopping (written work)
in tens (written work)				work)	
()		VOCAB	ULARY	,	
j'habite a, ou habite-tu,	Mon adresse est,	voiture, autobus, velo, a	bras, jambe, coude,	la banana, la peche, les	Magasin de
Paris, magasin, ecole,	avenue, boulevard,	pied, cheval, train,	main, pliez, tendez, liez,	raisins, beaucoup, un	chausseurs, la
eglise, muse,	allez, rue, place, du/de	camion, helicoptere,	tenez, lachez, pour	peu, les legumes, la	fromagerie, la
boulangerie, piscine,	l'/ de la/des, montagne,	avion, trottinette, taxi,	le/la, bien sur,	pomme de terre,	boucherie, la bijouterie,
gare, patisserie, café,	lac, soleil, hopital, bois,	moto, les transports,	premier/premiere,	l'oignon, l'ail, la	le magasin de jouets, le
supermarche, cinema,	arbre, singe, chameau,	en, a, comment vas-tu	deuxieme, troisieme,	carrotte, le chou-fleur,	magasin de vetements,
parc, theatre, marche,	plage, mairie, ferme,	a l'ecole?, je vais a	C'est tout droit, a droit,	le chou, le brocoli, le	la confiserie, du pain,
•	lune, fleur, chevre,	l'ecole en/a, tout droit,	a gauche, Je vais, tu	•	un collier, un ballon de
mosque, riviere, il y a, il		,		poivron, je voudrais, les	*
n'ya pas de, quarante,	vache, que veut dire	tournez, a droit, a	vas, il va, elle va, nous	vetements, cardigan,	football, une paire de
cinquante, soixante,		guache, chaud, froid,	allons, vous allez, ils	chemise, avez-vous,	chausseurs, ou puis-je
soixante-dix, quatre-			vont, elles vont,		acheter?, vous pouvez
vingts, quarter-vingts-					l'cheter au/a la, C'est
dix, cent, plus, font,					combine? Voici votre
moins, divise par, fois,					monnaie, une boite de
					chocolat, des boucles

		d'oreilles, un bateau, une montre, des bonbons, des cotelettes, une bague
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	Year 6							
	FRENCH							
ADVENT 1 – Where in	ADVENT 2 - Where in	LENT 1 – What's the	LENT 2 What's the	PENTECOST 1 –	PENTECOST 2			
the World	the World	time?	time?	Holidays and Hobbies	Holidays and Hobbies			
Children will	Children will	Children will	Children will	Children will	Children will			
L1: Know how to speak	L1: Know how to say	L1: Know how to say	L1: Know how to tell the	L1: Know the names of	L1: Know how to apply			
and write sentences	and write which	and write a sentence	time using quarter past	the seasons in French;	knowledge of countries,			
about parts of the UK	continent a country is	telling the time 9o'clock	and quarter to.	know how to use 'etre'	transport and family to			
(oral work)	from; know that 'en' is	and half past) (oral	(oral work)	in the present tense.	compose sentences			
1016	the correct preposition	work)		(oral work)	about going on holiday			
L2: Know how to speak	for continents (oral	10.16	L2: Know how to tell the	10.16	(oral work)			
and write sentences	work)	L2: Know how to say and write a sentence	time using quarter past	L2: Know the names of	12: Know how to apply			
about parts of the UK (written work)	L2: Know how to say	telling the time (o'clock	and quarter to. (written work)	the seasons in French; know how to use 'etre'	L2: Know how to apply knowledge of countries,			
(Willell Work)	and write which	and half past) (written	(WOIK)	in the present tense.	transport and family to			
L3: Know some of the	continent a country is	work)	L3: Know how to read	(written work)	compose sentences			
countries where they	from; know that 'en' is	Worky	and interpret a school	(William Work)	about going on holiday			
speak French; know	the correct preposition	L3: Know how to use	timetable in French.	L3: Know how to	(written work)			
how to distinguish	for continents (written	time connectives in	(oral work)	describe the weather in	,			
between masculine and	work)	sentences to say what	,	French (oral work)	L3: Know how to ask			
feminine nouns, know		time something is	L4: Know how to read		and answer the			
how to use the correct	L3: Know at least 10	happening (oral work)	and interpret a school	L4: Know how to	question: 'quell est tom			
form of a preposition.	animals in French;		timetable in French.	describe the weather in	sport prefere?'(oral			
(oral work)	know how to use the	L4: Know how to use	(written work)	French (written work)	work)			
I A. Know some of the	past tense of 'voir' and	time connectives in	I.F. Know how to tall the	I.E. Know how diagram	I 4. Know how to ook			
L4: Know some of the	'aller' in a sentence	sentences to say what	L5: Know how to tell the	L5: Know how discuss	L4: Know how to ask			
countries where they speak French; know	(oral work)	time something is	time (five minutes and minutes) (oral work)	the weather in different countries around the	and answer the			
how to distinguish		happening (written work)	minutes) (oral work)	world; know whether	question: 'quell est tom			
now to distinguish		WOIK)		world, know wrietrier				

between masculine and feminine nouns, know how to use the correct form of a preposition. (written work) L5: Know how to use an English/French dictionary to translate a country name and use the translation in a sentence. (oral work) L6: Know how to use an English/French dictionary to translate a country name and use the translation in a sentence. (written work)	L4: Know at least 10 animals in French; know how to use the past tense of 'voir' and 'aller' in a sentence (written work) L5: Know how to apply knowledge of animals and continents to compose a sentence about where the animals are from. (oral work) L6: Know how to apply knowledge of animals and continents to compose a sentence about where the animals are from.	L5: Know how to ask and answer questions using a TV schedule. (oral work) L6: Know how to ask and answer questions using a TV schedule. (oral work) (written work)	L6: Know how to tell the time (five minutes and minutes) (written work)	country nouns are masculine or feminine. (oral work) L6: Know how discuss the weather in different countries around the world; know whether country nouns are masculine or feminine (written work)	sport prefere?' (written work) L5: Know how to ask and answer a question about hobbies (oral work) L6: Know how to ask and answer a question about hobbies (written work)
	(written work)	\/OOAD	TH ADV		
		VOCAB			
Le Royaume – Uni, L'Ecosse, L'Angleterre, Le Pays de Galles, L'Ireland du Nord, la capitale, Quelle est la capitale de la/du, la France, le Canada, La Cote d'Ivoire, la Belgique, Haiti, Le Mali, La Suisse, La Tunisie, On parle francais au/en/a, l'Equateur, le Kenya, L'Egypte, l'Argentine, La	Les continents, l'Afrique, L'Antarctique, L'Asie, L'Australasie, L'Europe, L'Amerique du Nord, l'Amerique du Sud, Ile de Ross, le Japon, L'Australie, le Bresil, les animaux, un panda, un lion, un ours polaire, un renne, kangourou, un capybara, un bison, un zebre, un cobra, un jaguar, un pingouin, une baleine, un ours	Quelle heure est-il?, il est, heure, heures, heure et demieje me leve, je mange mon petit dejeuner, je me brosse les dents, je vais a l'ecole, je mange mon dejeuner, je renter chez moi, je regarde la television, je mange mon diner, je fais mes devoirs, je me couche, Qu'est – ce qui passe a la television?,	Le quart, mois le quart, la journee scolaire, avant, apres, combine de minutes?	Les saisons, le printemps, l'ete, l'autumne, l'hiver, la meteo, quell temps faitil?, il fait chaud, il fait froid, il fait nuageux, il fait du vent, il fait du brouillard, il pleut, il neige, il gele, quell temps est prevu pour aujourd'hui? Dans la monde, degres Celsius, le Luxembourg, La Russie, le Danemark, le	Les vacances, le bus, la maman, le papa, le papi, les sports, la gymnastique, le hockey, la lutte, le ski, le tennis, le football, le rugby, la natation, l'equitation, la course a pied, quell est ton sports prefere?, Mon sports prefere est, combine de personnes preferent?, les passetemps, le skateboard, la

Colombie, L'Inde, nord,	brun, un orag-outan, je		Portugal, la Chine, le	lecture, la dessin, la
sud, vrai, faux	suis allee, au zoo, J'ai		Meique	danse,
	vu, De quell continent			
	vient –il/elle?			